



Family Name					
Given Name/s					
Student Number					
Teaching Period	Semester 2, 2017				

MLS202 – Haematology 2	DURATION	
	Reading Time:	10 minutes
	Writing Time:	120 minutes
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES		
<p>Section A should be answered on the Answer Sheet provided. Please ensure that your name and student number have been written on the Answer sheet and place in the completed answer Booklet.</p> <p>Section B should be answered in separate booklets.</p> <p>Questions in section A and Section B are NOT of equal value. Please see each section for allocated marks.</p>		
EXAM CONDITIONS		
<p><u>You may begin writing from the commencement of the examination session.</u> The reading time indicated above is provided as a guide only.</p>		
This is a CLOSED BOOK examination		
Any non-programmable calculator is permitted		
No handwritten notes are permitted		
No dictionaries are permitted		
ADDITIONAL AUTHORISED MATERIALS	EXAMINATION MATERIALS TO BE SUPPLIED	
No additional printed material is permitted	1 x 8 Page Book School Multiple Choice Answer Sheet	

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DOUBLE-SIDED.**

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Section A

Multiple Choice Questions

Total No of Marks for this section: (70)

This section should be answered on the Answer Sheet provided. Please ensure that your name and student number have been written on the Answer sheet and place in the completed answer Booklet.

Each question is worth 1.4 mark. Suggested Time allocation for Section A: 60 minutes

END OF SECTION A

Section B

Case study based question

Total Number of marks for this section: (30)

This section should be answered in separate booklets.
Questions are NOT of equal value see each question for mark allocation.

Suggested Time allocation for Section B: 60 minutes

Four questions, each worth 10 marks

Question 1

Clinical history

45 year old woman with recent fatigue, appetite and weight loss. She complains for dyspnea (low exercise tolerance) and lower abdominal pain. Full blood count values and WBC differential count with the blood film is presented below:

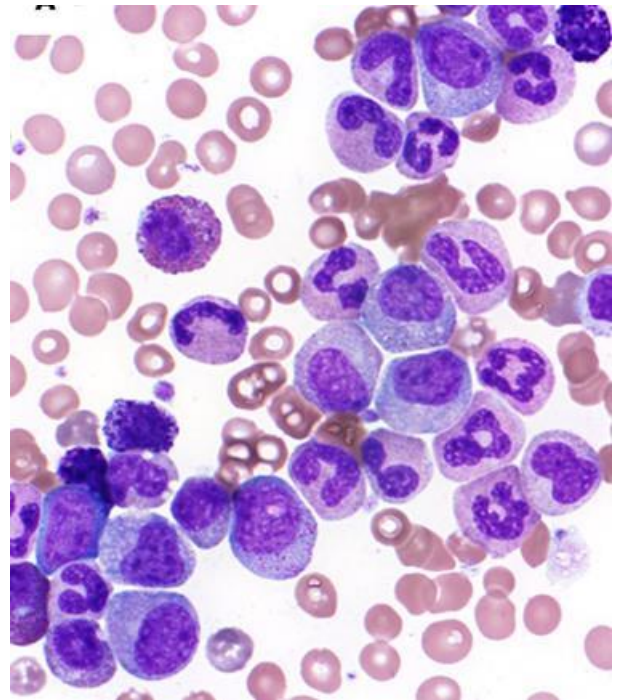
Laboratory findings

Test		Normal range
WBC:	$94.3 \times 10^9/L$	$5.0-10.0 \times 10^9/L$

Blast	10%
Promyelocyte	20%
Lymphocyte	40%
Neutrophil	20%
Band	4%
Basophil	4%
Eosinophil	2%

RBC:	$2.15 \times 10^{12}/L$	$4.0-5.23 \times 10^{12}/L$
Hb:	5.6g/dL	10.2-15.2 g/dL
HCT:	19.1 %	36-45 %
MCV:	90.7 fL	78-94 fL
MCH:	24.7pg	23-31 pg
MCHC:	29.3g/dL	32-36 g/dL

Plt:	$91 \times 10^9/L$	$150-450 \times 10^9/L$
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Describe your findings and write a report while considering the following questions:

1. what's are the significant morphologic changes you see in blood film? (RBC, WBC and Plt)
2. How these morphologic abnormality relates to the FBC indices and clinical symptoms?
3. What's the possible diagnosis and what other laboratory test you may suggest to help the accurate diagnosis?

Question 2

Clinical history

A 6 year old boy is referred to a pediatrician when his dentist realised that the child has a history of easy bruising. The family has lost a child due to intracranial hemorrhage after falling from crib. Laboratory results including FBC and peripheral blood film are shown below.

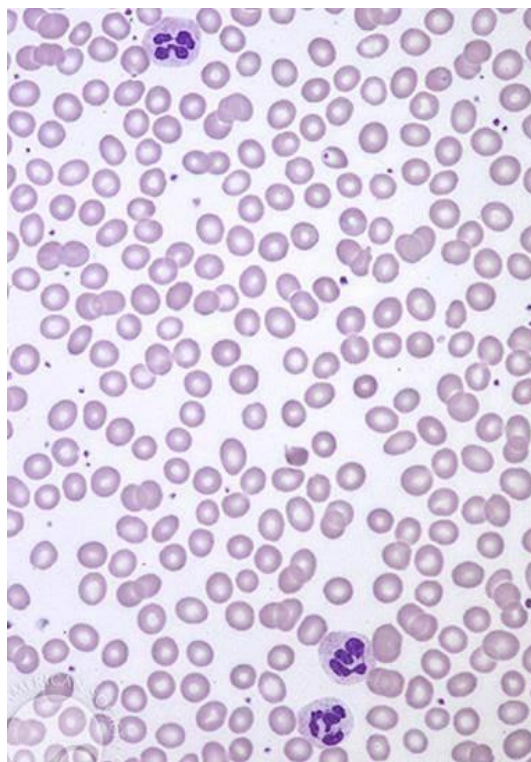
Laboratory findings

Haematology

Test		Normal range
WBC:	$5.3 \times 10^9/L$	$5.3-11.5 \times 10^9/L$
RBC:	$4.1 \times 10^{12}/L$	$4.0-4.9 \times 10^{12}/L$
Hb:	12.9 g/dL	10-15 g/dL
HCT:	37.1 %	36-46 %
Plt:	$280 \times 10^9/L$	$219-450 \times 10^9/L$

Coagulation test

PT	11 sec	10-12 sec
PTT	58 sec	20-30 sec



Describe your findings and write a report while considering these questions:

1. what's are the significant morphologic changes you see in blood film? (RBC, WBC and Plt)
2. How these morphologic abnormality relates to the FBC indices and clinical symptoms?
3. What's the possible diagnosis and what other laboratory test you may suggest to help the accurate diagnosis?

Question 3

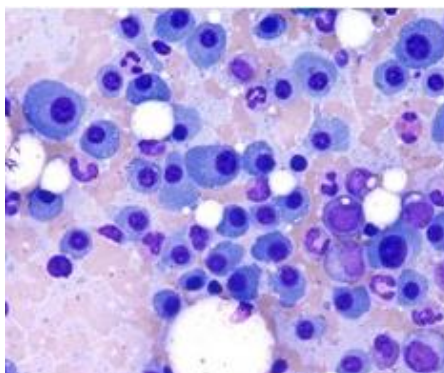
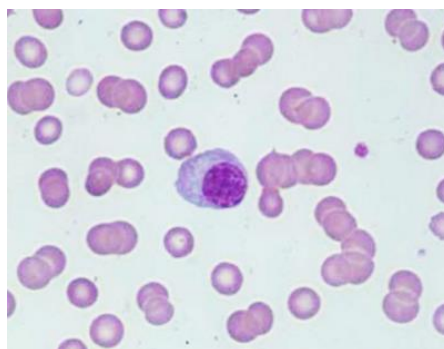
Clinical history

A 56 year old man visited the clinic with complaining for a generalized weakness, and back pain. He looked fatigued and pale in clinical exam and he noticed that his urination had decreased recently. His initial laboratory tests show a slight increase in calcium and creatinine levels and moderate proteinuria. His peripheral blood picture (Top) and bone marrow smear (Bottom) are presented below.

Laboratory findings

Haematology:

Test		Normal range
WBC:	3.8	$5.0-10.0 \times 10^9/L$
Neut:	2.0	$2.5-7.5 \times 10^9/L$
LYM:	6.0	$1.5-3.5 \times 10^9/L$
Mono	0.3	$0.2-0.8 \times 10^9/L$
RBC:	3.8	$4.0-5.2 \times 10^{12}/L$
Hb:	13.5	13.5-18 g/dL
HCT:	42.8	40-45 %
MCV:	83.9	80-100 fL
MCH:	27.4	2-34 pg
MCHC:	32.7	32-36 g/dL
Plt:	158	$150-450 \times 10^9/L$



Biochemistry:

Calcium	14.2	9-11 mg/dL.2
Creatinine	2.8	1-2 mg/dL

Urinalysis:

Protein	++	Neg
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Describe your findings and write a report while considering these questions:

1. What are the significant morphologic changes you see in blood film? (RBC, WBC and Plt)
2. How does this morphologic abnormality relate to the FBC indices and clinical symptoms?
3. What is the possible diagnosis and what other laboratory test you may suggest to help the accurate diagnosis?

END OF SECTION B

You have completed the test. Please place the multiple choice questions answer sheet that you used for Section A inside the answer booklet. Please ensure that your name and student number are clearly indicated on your Answer Sheet and at the top of this examination paper.